

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations Date of issue: 05/21/2014 Revision date: 05/15/2017 Version: 4.0

### SECTION 1: Identification 1.1. Identification : Mixture Product form Product name 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Recommended use : Anti-Freeze and De-icing products Restrictions on use : Must not come into contact with food or be consumed. 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet KOST® USA, Inc. 1000 Tennessee Ave. Cincinnati, 45229 - USA T 1-800-661-9391 - F 1-513-492-5555 sales@kostusa.com - www.kostusa.com 1.4. **Emergency telephone number** : 1-800-424-9300 Emergency number CHEMTREC (24 HOURS) SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture **GHS-US classification** Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4 H302 Skin sensitisation, Category 1 H317 Reproductive toxicity, Category 1B H360 Specific target organ toxicity — Repeated exposure, Category 2 H373

Full text of H statements : see section 16

### 2.2. Label elements

# **GHS-US** labelling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)

	GHS07 GHS08
Signal word (GHS-US)	: Danger
Contains	: Ethylene glycol; sodium nitrite; disodium tetraborate, anhydrous; disodium metasilicate; sodium tolyltriazole; sodium nitrate; sodium mercaptobenzothiazole; Lithium hydroxide hydrate; denatonium benzoate
Hazard statements (GHS-US)	<ul> <li>H302 - Harmful if swallowed</li> <li>H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction</li> <li>H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child</li> <li>H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements (GHS-US)	<ul> <li>P201 - Obtain special instructions before use</li> <li>P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood</li> <li>P260 - Do not breathe mist, spray, vapours</li> <li>P261 - Avoid breathing mist, spray, vapours</li> <li>P264 - Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling</li> <li>P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product</li> <li>P272 - Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace</li> <li>P280 - Wear eye protection, protective gloves, protective clothing</li> <li>P301+P312 - If swallowed: Call a doctor if you feel unwell</li> <li>P302+P352 - If on skin: Wash with plenty of soap, Water</li> <li>P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention</li> <li>P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell</li> <li>P321 - Specific treatment (see First aid measures on this label)</li> <li>P330 - Rinse mouth</li> <li>P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention</li> </ul>

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P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

P405 - Store locked up

P501 - Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation

### 2.3. Other hazards

# No additional information available

### 2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

0% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Oral) 0% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Dermal) 0% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Inhalation (Dust/Mist))

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

### 3.1. Substances

Not applicable

# 3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS-US classification
Ethylene glycol	(CAS-No.) 107-21-1	< 100	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 STOT RE 2, H373
disodium tetraborate, anhydrous	(CAS-No.) 1330-43-4	0.01 - 0.3	Repr. 1B, H360 STOT RE 2, H373
sodium mercaptobenzothiazole	(CAS-No.) 2492-26-4	0.01 - 0.3	Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410

\*Chemical name, CAS number and/or exact concentration have been withheld as a trade secret

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

# SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures		
First-aid measures general	: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.	
First-aid measures after inhalation	: If inhaled and if breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice.	
First-aid measures after skin contact	: Remove affected clothing and wash all exposed skin area with mild soap and water, followed by warm water rinse. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.	
First-aid measures after eye contact	: Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention if pain, blinking or redness persists.	
First-aid measures after ingestion	: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Drink plenty of water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.	
4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed		
Symptoms/effects	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
Symptoms/effects after inhalation	: Inhalation may cause: irritation, coughing, shortness of breath.	
Symptoms/effects after skin contact	: May cause an allergic skin reaction. Repeated or prolonged contact may cause skin irritation.	
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	: May cause slight irritation. Symptoms may include pain, blinking, tears and redness.	
Symptoms/effects after ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed. Swallowing a small quantity of this material will result in serious health hazard.	
4.3. Indication of any immediate medica	attention and special treatment needed	
All treatments should be based on observed sign	s and symptoms of distress in the patient.	

# All treatments should be based on observed signs and symptoms of distress in the patient.

#### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures** 5.1. Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media : Large fires: Water fog. Water spray. Small fires: Carbon dioxide. Dry powder. Sand. Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use a heavy water stream. 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture Fire hazard : No specific fire or explosion hazard. Explosion hazard Product is not explosive. : No dangerous reactions known. Reactivity 05/15/2017 EN (English) 2/9

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5.3. Advice for firefighte	S
Firefighting instructions	<ul> <li>Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.</li> </ul>
Protection during firefighting	: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection. Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing. Wear a self contained breathing apparatus.
SECTION 6: Accidental	release measures
6.1. Personal precaution	s, protective equipment and emergency procedures
General measures	: Avoid all eye and skin contact and do not breathe vapour and mist. Danger of slipping on leaked or spilled product.
6.1.1. For non-emergency	personnel
Protective equipment	: Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves. neoprene. natural rubber gloves. Chemical goggles or safety glasses.
Emergency procedures	: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.
6.1.2. For emergency resp	onders
Protective equipment	: Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves. Neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves. Chemical goggles or safety glasses.
Emergency procedures	: Ventilate area.
6.2. Environmental preca	utions
Do not allow large quantities, as	are, to spread into the environment. Do not discharge into drains or rivers.
6.3. Methods and materi	al for containment and cleaning up
For containment	: Absorb and/or contain spill with inert material, then place in suitable container. Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. Do not allow minor leaks or spills to accumulate on walking surfaces.
Methods for cleaning up	: Take up in non-combustible absorbent material and shove into container for disposal.
6.4. Reference to other s	ections
Section 13: disposal informatior	. Section 7: safe handling. Section 8: personal protective equipment.
SECTION 7: Handling a	nd storage
7.1. Precautions for safe	handling
Precautions for safe handling	: Avoid breathing fume/mist/vapours/spray. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not eat, drink smoke when using this product. Handle in a well-ventilated area. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapour Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Obtain special instructions before use.
Hygiene measures	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands and other exposed areas wirmild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
7.2. Conditions for safe	storage, including any incompatibilities
Storage conditions	: Keep only in the original container in a cool well ventilated place. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Do not store near food, foodstuffs, drugs, or potable water supplies.
la serve stible and dusts	

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1. **Control parameters**

Incompatible products Incompatible materials

Ethylene glycol (107-21-1)			
ACGIH	ACGIH Ceiling (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	100 mg/m³	
ACGIH	ACGIH Ceiling (ppm)	39.4 ppm	
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	Kidney dam; URT & eye irr	
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (ceiling) (ppm)	50 ppm	
disodium tetraborate, anhydrous (1330-43-4)			
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	2 mg/m³	
05/15/2017	EN (English)		3/9

: Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids. Strong bases.

: Sources of ignition.

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disodium tetraborate, anhydrous (1330-43-4)		
ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	6 mg/m³
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	Varies URT irr
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours
sodium mercaptobenzothiazole (2492-26-4)		
Not applicable		

#### 8.2. **Exposure controls**

Appropriate engineering controls	<ul> <li>Avoid creating mist or spray. Avoid splashing. Provide local exhaust ventilation of closed transfer systems to minimize exposures.</li> </ul>
Hand protection	: Wear suitable gloves resistant to chemical penetration. neoprene/natural rubber.
Eye protection	: In case of splashing or aerosol production: protective goggles. Chemical goggles or face shield.
Skin and body protection	: Wear suitable protective clothing. Impervious clothing. Use safety shoes resistant to chemical products.
Respiratory protection	<ul> <li>In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Use an approved respirator equipped with oil/mist cartridges.</li> </ul>
Consumer exposure controls	: Avoid contact during pregnancy/while nursing.
Other information	: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

9.1. Information on basic physical and	d chemical properties
Physical state	: Liquid
Colour	: Green
Odour	: characteristic
Odour threshold	: No data available
рН	: 10.8
Melting point	: -13 °C
Freezing point	: -13 °C
Boiling point	: > 197 °C
Flash point	: > 116 °C
Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1)	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available
Explosive limits	: 3.2 vol % Not determined
Explosive properties	: Product is not explosive.
Oxidising properties	: No oxidizing properties.
Vapour pressure	: < 0.1 mm Hg (@ 20°C)
Relative density	: 1.119
Relative vapour density at 20 °C	: >1
Solubility	: Material highly soluble in water.
Log Pow	: No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	: 427 °C
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Viscosity	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available
9.2 Other information	

#### 9.2. Other information

No additional in	formation available
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# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

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# 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

# 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

# 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Exposure to extremely high temperatures.

# 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents. Strong bases. Strong acids.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon dioxide. Carbon monoxide. Nitrogen oxides. Aldehydes. alcohols. Ethers. ammonia.		
SECTION 11: Toxicological informati	on	
11.1. Information on toxicological effects		
Likely routes of exposure	: Skin and eye contact; Inhalation	
Acute toxicity	: Oral: Harmful if swallowed.	
,		
DefendAL Conventional ANTIFREEZE/COOL ATE US (oral)	509.0612364706 mg/kg bodyweight	
Ethylene glycol (107-21-1) LD50 oral rat	500 mg//g	
LD50 dermal rat	500 mg/kg > 3500 mg/kg mouse	
	> 2.5 mg/l/4h	
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l) ATE US (oral)	500 mg/kg bodyweight	
disodium tetraborate, anhydrous (1330-43-4) LD50 oral rat		
	3450 mg/kg male	
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg	
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	> 2.03 mg/l 5h	
ATE US (oral)	3450 mg/kg bodyweight	
sodium mercaptobenzothiazole (2492-26-4)		
LD50 oral rat	2100 mg/kg male	
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 7940 mg/kg New Zealand White Rabbit	
ATE US (oral)	2100 mg/kg bodyweight	
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Not classified	
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Not classified	
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified	
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified	
Reproductive toxicity	: May damage fertility or the unborn child.	
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	: Not classified	
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
Ethylene glycol (107-21-1)		
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	1000 mg/kg bodyweight/day	
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	150 mg/kg bodyweight/day kidney	
disodium tetraborate, anhydrous (1330-43-4)		
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	58.5 mg/kg bodyweight/day	
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	17.5 mg/kg bodyweight/day	
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified	
Symptoms/effects after inhalation	: Inhalation may cause: irritation, coughing, shortness of breath.	

: May cause an allergic skin reaction. Repeated or prolonged contact may cause skin irritation.

: May cause slight irritation. Symptoms may include pain, blinking, tears and redness.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact

Symptoms/effects after eye contact

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Symptoms/effects after ingestion

: Harmful if swallowed. Swallowing a small quantity of this material will result in serious health hazard.

	hazard.
SECTION 12: Ecological information	tion
2.1. Toxicity	
cology - general	: No ecotoxicological data about this product are known.
Ethylene glycol (107-21-1)	
LC50 fish 1	72860 mg/l Pimephales promelas
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 100 mg/l
NOEC chronic fish	15380 mg/l Pimephales promelas
NOEC chronic crustacea	8590 mg/l Ceriodaphnia sp.
disodium tetraborate, anhydrous (1330-	43-4)
LC50 fish 1	74 mg/l 96h Limanda limanda
sodium mercaptobenzothiazole (2492-2	6-4)
LC50 fish 1	1.87 mg/l 96h
12.2. Persistence and degradability	
DefendAL Conventional ANTIFREEZE/C	
Persistence and degradability	Not established.
Ethylene glycol (107-21-1)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation	> 60 % 28 d
Diodogradation	
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	
DefendAL Conventional ANTIFREEZE/C	COOLANT Concentrate
Bioaccumulative potential	Does not biaccumulate significantly.
Ethylene glycol (107-21-1)	
Log Pow	- 1.36
Bioaccumulative potential	Not expected to bioaccumulate.
sodium mercaptobenzothiazole (2492-2	6-4)
Log Pow	2.42
5	
12.4. Mobility in soil	
DefendAL Conventional ANTIFREEZE/C	
Ecology - soil	Dissolves in water. If products enter soil, will be highly mobile and may contaminate ground water.
12.5. Other adverse effects	
Effect on the global warming	: No known effects from this product.
SECTION 13: Disposal considera	tions
13.1. Waste treatment methods	
Sewage disposal recommendations	: Do not dispose of waste into sewer.
Naste disposal recommendations	: Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations.
Additional information	: In its present state, this product is not a hazardous waste according to Federal Regulations (40 CFFR261.4 (b)(4)). Container rinsate could be considered a RCRA hazardous waste and must be disposed of with care. Container contents should be completely used and containers should be emptied prior to discard. Larger empty containers, such as drums, should be returned to the distributor or to a drum reconditioner.
SECTION 14: Transport information	ion
Department of Transportation (DOT)	
In accordance with DOT	
Transport document description	: RQ, UN3082 Environmentally hazardous substances, liquid, n.o.s. (Ethylene Glycol), 9, III

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Proper Shipping Name (DOT)	: Environmentally hazardous substances, liquid, n.o.s. Ethylene Glycol
Transport hazard class(es) (DOT)	: 9 - Class 9 - Miscellaneous hazardous material 49 CFR 173.140
Packing group (DOT)	: III - Minor Danger
Hazard labels (DOT)	: 9 - Class 9 (Miscellaneous dangerous materials)
DOT Symbols	: G - Identifies PSN requiring a technical name
Other information	: Bulk: RQ > 5,184 lbs; Packaged Goods: Not DOT hazardous

# Transport by sea

Not regulated.

Air transport

Not regulated.

# SECTION 15: Regulatory information

# 15.1. US Federal regulations

DefendAL Conventional ANTIFREEZE/COOLANT Concentrate	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	30-100%

All components of this product are listed, or excluded from listing, on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory

Chemical(s) subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 or Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

Ethylene glycol	CAS-No. 107-21-1 < 100%
Ethylene shugel (407.04.4)	
Ethylene glycol (107-21-1)	
EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag	T - T - indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 4 test rule under TSCA.
CERCLA RQ	5000 lb
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	>95%

# 15.2. International regulations

# CANADA

# **EU-Regulations**

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Ethylene glycol (107-21-1)
Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)
disodium tetraborate, anhydrous (1330-43-4)
Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)
sodium mercaptobenzothiazole (2492-26-4)
Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

# National regulations

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Ethylene glycol (107-21-1)
Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory
Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)
Listed on Taiwan National Chemical Inventory
Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals) Listed on KECI (Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory)
Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)
Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)
disodium tetraborate, anhydrous (1330-43-4)
Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)
Listed on Taiwan National Chemical Inventory
Listed on KECI (Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory) Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory
Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)
Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)
Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)
sodium mercaptobenzothiazole (2492-26-4)
Listed on Taiwan National Chemical Inventory
Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)
Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory
Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances) Listed on KECI (Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory)
Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)
Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

# 15.3. US State regulations

California Proposition 65 - This product contains, or may contain, trace quantities of a substance(s) known to the state of California to cause cancer, developmental and/or reproductive harm

Ethylene grycol (107-21-1)				
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significant risk level (NSRL)
No	Yes	No	No	

# Ethylene glycol (107-21-1)

U.S. - Delaware - Pollutant Discharge Requirements - Reportable Quantities

U.S. - Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations

U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

U.S. - New York - Reporting of Releases Part 597 - List of Hazardous Substances

U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

# Disclaimer:

Although reasonable care has been taken in the preparation of this document, we extend no warranties and make no representations as to the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein, and assume no responsibility regarding the suitability of this information for the user's intended purposes or for the consequences of its use. Each individual should make a determination as to the suitability of the information for their particular purpose(s).

End-use applications NOT supported by KOST® USA, Inc. for monoethylene glycol, diethylene glycol and triethylene glycol. These limitations include products restricted by law, applications in which may raise unacceptable risks, and other applications which KOST® USA, Inc. has decided not to, including minimizing unnecessary risk and liabilities to the company. KOST® USA, Inc. does not knowingly market these products into these nonsupported applications. This list is not all-inclusive, and KOST® USA, Inc. reserves the right to modify the same at any time.

- The use of production of tobacco and in the manufacture of tobacco products (including but not limited to additives, humectants, filters, inks, and paper)
- The use for the generation of artificial smoke / theatrical fogs / mist. This includes applications such as artificial / e-cigarettes.
- The use as ingredient in fuel for warming foods (Sterno <sup>™</sup>-like application) or in fuel for heating an enclosed space where human exposure is possible.
- The use in fire extinguishing sprinkler systems.
- The use in the manufacture of munitions.
- The use in the production of de-icers for use on roadways, sidewalks and in aircraft lavatories.
- The use as a component of heat transfer fluids in systems where the heat transfer fluids could infiltrate (i.e., via an exchanger leak, backflow prevention failure, or other means) a potable water.

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- The use as a non-reacted component in a formulation for direct internal or external human / animal contact, including, but not limited to • ingestion, inhalation, and skin contact and in medical / veterinary devices and medial / veterinary. Examples of some such applications are uses as a direct component in foods, beverages, pharmaceuticals, cosmetics, personal care products or children's products.
- The use for consumer or hospital usage for deodorizing or air "purifying" purposes by spraying as an aerosol.
- The use as a non-reacted component in adhesives, plasticizers, and softening agents for packaging having direct contact with food or beverage.
- The use as a non-reacted component in the formulation of glues, pastes, ice / heat packs or other items where the potential for significant
- human contact and/or ingestion exists (including but not limited to children's school glue/paste or arts/craft glue/paste, toys, children products). The use as a fluid for pressure testing piping.

For more information contact your KOST® USA, Inc. representative.

: 05/15/2017

None. :

Data sources

- : ACGIH 2000.
  - European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) Registered Substances list. Accessed at http://echa.europa.eu/.

Krister Forsberg and S.Z. Mansdorf, "Quick Selection Guide to Chemical Protective Clothing", Fifth Edition.

National Fire Protection Association; Fire Protection Guide to Hazardous Materials; 10th edition

OSHA 29CFR 1910.1200 Hazard Communication Standard.

TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory. Accessed at

http://www.epa.gov/oppt/existingchemicals/pubs/tscainventory/howto.html.

Other information

Full text of H-statements:

11000	
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

### Abbreviations and acronyms:

·····	
	ACGIH (American Conference of Government Industrial Hygienists)
	ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
	ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
	CAS (Chemical Abstracts Service) number
	CLP: Classification, Labelling, Packaging.
	EC50: Environmental Concentration associated with a response by 50% of the test population.
	GHS: Globally Harmonized System (of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals).
	LD50: Lethal Dose for 50% of the test population
	OSHA: Occupational Safety & Health Administration
	TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act
	STEL: Short Term Exposure Limits
	TWA: Time Weighted Average
NFPA health hazard	: 2 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause temporary incapacitation or residual injury.
NFPA fire hazard	: 1 - Materials that must be preheated before ignition can occur.
NFPA reactivity	: 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions,

Indication of changes: General information

SDS prepared by: The Redstone Group, LLC. 6077 Frantz Rd Suite 206 Dublin, Ohio USA 43016 614.923.7472 www.redstonegrp.com

and not reactive with water.



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SECTION 1: Identification	
1.1. Identification	
Product form	: Mixture
Product name	: DefendAL @ ksbkd k^i ANTIFREEZE/COOLANT
1.2. Relevant identified uses of t	he substance or mixture and uses advised against
Recommended use	: Anti-Freeze and De-icing products
Restrictions on use	: Must not come into contact with food or be consumed.
1.3. Details of the supplier of the	safety data sheet
KOST® USA, Inc. 1000 Tennessee Ave.	
Cincinnati, 45229 - USA	
T 1-800-661-9391 - F 1-513-492-5555	
sales@kostusa.com - www.kostusa.com	
1.4. Emergency telephone numb	er
Emergency number	: 1-800-424-9300 CHEMTREC (24 HOURS)
SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identific	cation

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

### **GHS-US classification**

Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4	H302
Reproductive toxicity, Category 1B	H360
Specific target organ toxicity — Repeated exposure, Category 2	H373

Full text of H statements : see section 16

# 2.2. Label elements

# GHS-US labelling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)

	GHS07 GHS08
Signal word (GHS-US)	: Danger
Contains	: Ethylene glycol; sodium nitrite; disodium tetraborate, anhydrous; disodium metasilicate; sodium tolyltriazole; sodium nitrate; Lithium hydroxide hydrate; denatonium benzoate
Hazard statements (GHS-US)	: H302 - Harmful if swallowed H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
Precautionary statements (GHS-US)	<ul> <li>P201 - Obtain special instructions before use</li> <li>P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood</li> <li>P260 - Do not breathe mist, spray, vapours</li> <li>P264 - Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling</li> <li>P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product</li> <li>P280 - Wear eye protection, protective gloves, protective clothing</li> <li>P301+P312 - If swallowed: Call a doctor if you feel unwell</li> <li>P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention</li> <li>P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell</li> <li>P303 - Rinse mouth</li> <li>P405 - Store locked up</li> <li>P501 - Dispose of contents/container to bazardous or special waste collection point, in</li> </ul>

P501 - Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation

### 2.3. Other hazards

No additional information available

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# 2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

- 0% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Oral)
- 0% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Dermal)
- 0% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Inhalation (Dust/Mist))

# SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

# 3.1. Substances

Not applicable

### 3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS-US classification
Ethylene glycol	(CAS-No.) 107-21-1	50 - 55	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 STOT RE 2, H373
disodium tetraborate, anhydrous	(CAS-No.) 1330-43-4	0.01 - 0.2	Repr. 1B, H360 STOT RE 2, H373

\*Chemical name, CAS number and/or exact concentration have been withheld as a trade secret

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

SECTION 4: First aid measures	
4.1. Description of first aid measures	
First-aid measures general	: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
First-aid measures after inhalation	: If inhaled and if breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice.
First-aid measures after skin contact	: Remove affected clothing and wash all exposed skin area with mild soap and water, followed by warm water rinse. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
First-aid measures after eye contact	<ul> <li>Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention if pain, blinking or redness persists.</li> </ul>
First-aid measures after ingestion	: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Drink plenty of water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
4.2. Most important symptoms and effe	cts, both acute and delayed
Symptoms/effects	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Symptoms/effects after inhalation	: Inhalation may cause: irritation, coughing, shortness of breath.
Symptoms/effects after skin contact	: Repeated or prolonged contact may cause skin irritation.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	: May cause slight irritation. Symptoms may include pain, blinking, tears and redness.
Symptoms/effects after ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed. Swallowing a small quantity of this material will result in serious health

# 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

hazard.

All treatments should be based on observed signs and symptoms of distress in the patient.

<b>SECTION 5: Firefightin</b>	g measures
5.1. Extinguishing med	a
Suitable extinguishing media	: Large fires: Water fog. Water spray. Small fires: Carbon dioxide. Dry powder. Sand.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	a : Do not use a heavy water stream.
5.2. Special hazards ari	sing from the substance or mixture
Fire hazard	: No specific fire or explosion hazard.
Explosion hazard	: Product is not explosive.
Reactivity	: No dangerous reactions known.
5.3. Advice for firefight	ers
Firefighting instructions	: Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.
Protection during firefighting	: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection. Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing. Wear a self contained breathing apparatus.

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<b>SECTION 6: Accidental release mea</b>	asures
6.1. Personal precautions, protective e	quipment and emergency procedures
General measures	: Avoid all eye and skin contact and do not breathe vapour and mist. Danger of slipping on leaked or spilled product.
6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel	
Protective equipment	: Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves. neoprene. natural rubber gloves. Chemical goggles or safety glasses.
Emergency procedures	: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.
6.1.2. For emergency responders	
Protective equipment	: Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves. Neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves. Chemical goggles or safety glasses.
Emergency procedures	: Ventilate area.
6.2. Environmental precautions	
Do not allow large quantities, as are, to spread	into the environment. Do not discharge into drains or rivers.
6.3. Methods and material for containn	nent and cleaning up
For containment	: Absorb and/or contain spill with inert material, then place in suitable container. Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. Do not allow minor leaks or spills to accumulate on walking surfaces.
Methods for cleaning up	: Take up in non-combustible absorbent material and shove into container for disposal.
6.4. Reference to other sections	
Section 13: disposal information. Section 7: sal	e handling. Section 8: personal protective equipment.
SECTION 7: Handling and storage	
7.1. Precautions for safe handling	
Precautions for safe handling	: Avoid breathing fume/mist/vapours/spray. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Handle in a well-ventilated area. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapour. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Obtain special instructions before use.
Hygiene measures	: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, include	ling any incompatibilities
Storage conditions	: Keep only in the original container in a cool well ventilated place. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Do not store near food, foodstuffs, drugs, or potable water supplies.
Incompatible products	: Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids. Strong bases.
Do not allow large quantities, as are, to spread 6.3. Methods and material for containing For containment Methods for cleaning up 6.4. Reference to other sections Section 13: disposal information. Section 7: safe SECTION 7: Handling and storage 7.1. Precautions for safe handling Precautions for safe handling Hygiene measures 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, include Storage conditions	<ul> <li>Absorb and/or contain spill with inert material, then place in suitable container. Contain spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. If allow minor leaks or spills to accumulate on walking surfaces.</li> <li>Take up in non-combustible absorbent material and shove into container for disposal.</li> <li>Take up in non-combustible absorbent material and shove into container for disposal.</li> <li>Take up in non-combustible absorbent material and shove into container for disposal.</li> <li>Take up in non-combustible absorbent material and shove into container for disposal.</li> <li>Take up in non-combustible absorbent material and shove into container for disposal.</li> <li>Take up in non-combustible absorbent material and shove into container for disposal.</li> <li>Take up in non-combustible absorbent material and shove into container for disposal.</li> <li>Take up in non-combustible absorbent material and shove into container for disposal.</li> <li>Take up in non-combustible absorbent material and shove into container for disposal.</li> <li>Avoid breathing fume/mist/vapours/spray. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not eat smoke when using this product. Handle in a well-ventilated area. Keep away from sou ignition - No smoking. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Obtain specinstructions before use.</li> <li>Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands and other exposed a mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Contai work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing reuse.</li> <li>Keep only in the original container in a cool well ventilated place. Keep container close not in use. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Do not a near food, foodstuffs, drugs, or potable water supplies.</li> </ul>

Incompatible materials

: Sources of ignition.

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1. **Control parameters**

Ethylene glycol (107-21-1)		
ACGIH	ACGIH Ceiling (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	100 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
ACGIH	ACGIH Ceiling (ppm)	39.4 ppm
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	Kidney dam; URT & eye irr
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (ceiling) (ppm)	50 ppm
disodium tetraborate, anhydrous (1330-43-4)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	6 mg/m³
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	Varies URT irr
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours

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8.2. Exposure controls	
Appropriate engineering controls	<ul> <li>Avoid creating mist or spray. Avoid splashing. Provide local exhaust ventilation of closed transfer systems to minimize exposures.</li> </ul>
Hand protection	: Wear suitable gloves resistant to chemical penetration. neoprene/natural rubber.
Eye protection	: In case of splashing or aerosol production: protective goggles. Chemical goggles or face shield.
Skin and body protection	: Wear suitable protective clothing. Impervious clothing. Use safety shoes resistant to chemical products.
Respiratory protection	<ul> <li>In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Use an approved respirator equipped with oil/mist cartridges.</li> </ul>
Consumer exposure controls	: Avoid contact during pregnancy/while nursing.
Other information	: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and	d chemical properties
Physical state	: Liquid
Colour	: Green
Odour	: characteristic
Odour threshold	: No data available
рН	: 10.8
Melting point	: -38 °C
Freezing point	: -36 °C
Boiling point	: >197 °C
Flash point	: >116 °C
Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1)	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available
Explosive limits	: 3.2 vol % Not determined
Explosive properties	: Product is not explosive.
Oxidising properties	: No oxidizing properties.
Vapour pressure	: < 0.1 mm Hg (@ 20°C)
Relative density	: No data available
Relative vapour density at 20 °C	: >1
Solubility	: Material highly soluble in water.
Log Pow	: No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	: 427 °C
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Viscosity	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available

# 9.2. Other information

No additional information available

# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

# 10.1. Reactivity

No dangerous reactions known.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

# 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

# 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Exposure to extremely high temperatures.

# 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents. Strong bases. Strong acids.

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#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon dioxide. Carbon monoxide. Nitrogen oxides. Aldehydes. alcohols. Ethers. ammonia.

SECTION 11: Toxicological informati	on
11.1. Information on toxicological effects	
Likely routes of exposure	: Skin and eye contact; Inhalation
Acute toxicity	: Oral: Harmful if swallowed.
DefendAL Conventional ANTIFREEZE/COOL	ANT 50/50
ATE US (oral)	961.830393365 mg/kg bodyweight
Ethylene glycol (107-21-1)	
LD50 oral rat	500 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rat	> 3500 mg/kg mouse
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	> 2.5 mg/l/4h
ATE US (oral)	500 mg/kg bodyweight
disodium tetraborate, anhydrous (1330-43-4)	
LD50 oral rat	3450 mg/kg male
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	> 2.03 mg/l 5h
ATE US (oral)	3450 mg/kg bodyweight
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Not classified
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Not classified
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	: Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified
Reproductive toxicity	: May damage fertility or the unborn child.
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Ethylene glycol (107-21-1)	
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	1000 mg/kg bodyweight/day
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	150 mg/kg bodyweight/day kidney

	root mg/kg body weight day	
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	150 mg/kg bodyweight/day kidney	
disodium tetraborate, anhydrous (1330-	43-4)	
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	58.5 mg/kg bodyweight/day	
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	17.5 mg/kg bodyweight/day	
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified	
Symptoms/effects after inhalation	: Inhalation may cause: irritation, coughing, shortness of breath.	
Symptoms/effects after skin contact	: Repeated or prolonged contact may cause skin irritation.	
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	: May cause slight irritation. Symptoms may include pain, blinking, tears and redness.	
Symptoms/effects after ingestion	<ul> <li>Harmful if swallowed. Swallowing a small quantity of this material will result in serious health hazard.</li> </ul>	

nation
: No ecotoxicological data about this product are known.
72860 mg/l Pimephales promelas
> 100 mg/l
15380 mg/l Pimephales promelas
8590 mg/l Ceriodaphnia sp.
30-43-4)
74 mg/l 96h Limanda limanda

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12.2. Persistence and degradability		
DefendAL Conventional ANTIFREEZE/COOLANT 50/50		
Persistence and degradability	Not established.	
Ethylene glycol (107-21-1)		
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable.	
Biodegradation	> 60 % 28 d	

# 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

DefendAL Conventional ANTIFREEZE/COOLANT 50/50		
Bioaccumulative potential	Does not biaccumulate significantly.	
Ethylene glycol (107-21-1)		
Log Pow	- 1.36	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not expected to bioaccumulate.	

# 12.4. Mobility in soil

DefendAL Conventional ANTIFREEZE/COOLANT 50/50	
Ecology - soil	Dissolves in water. If products enter soil, will be highly mobile and may contaminate ground water.

# 12.5. Other adverse effects

Effect on the global warming

: No known effects from this product.

# SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods	
Sewage disposal recommendations	: Do not dispose of waste into sewer.
Waste disposal recommendations	: Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations.
Additional information	In its present state, this product is not a hazardous waste according to Federal Regulations (40 CFFR261.4 (b)(4)). Container rinsate could be considered a RCRA hazardous waste and must be disposed of with care. Container contents should be completely used and containers should be emptied prior to discard. Larger empty containers, such as drums, should be returned to the

distributor or to a drum reconditioner.

# **SECTION 14:** Transport information

# Department of Transportation (DOT)

In accordance with DOT Transport document description

UN-No.(DOT) Proper Shipping Name (DOT)

Transport hazard class(es) (DOT) Packing group (DOT) Hazard labels (DOT)

DOT Symbols Other information

Transport by sea Not regulated.

Air transport Not regulated.

- : RQ, UN3082 Environmentally hazardous substances, liquid, n.o.s. (Ethylene Glycol), 9, III
- : UN3082
- : Environmentally hazardous substances, liquid, n.o.s.
- Ethylene Glycol
- : 9 Class 9 Miscellaneous hazardous material 49 CFR 173.140
- : III Minor Danger
- : 9 Class 9 (Miscellaneous dangerous materials)



- : G Identifies PSN requiring a technical name
- : RQ >= 9,780 lbs.

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5.1. US Federal regulations			
DefendAL Conventional ANTIFREEZE/COOLA	NT 50/50		
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes		Immediate (acute) health h Delayed (chronic) health h	
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting		30-100%	
All components of this product are listed, or exclu Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory Chemical(s) subject to the reporting requirements 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.	-		
Ethylene glycol		CAS-No. 107-21-1	50 - 55%
		1	1
Ethylene glycol (107-21-1) EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag	T - T - indicator	a substance that is the subi	ect of a Section 4 test rule under TSCA.
CERCLA RQ	5000 lb	a substance that is the subje	ect of a Section 4 test fulle under TSCA.
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	>95%		
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substance U-Regulations Ethylene glycol (107-21-1) Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European I			bstances)
disodium tetraborate, anhydrous (1330-43-4) Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European I lational regulations	Inventory of Existi	ng Commercial Chemical Su	bstances)
Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European I	Inventory of Existi	ng Commercial Chemical Su	bstances)
Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European I	hemical Substanc ical Substances) nicals) ntory) Substances Prod	ces) inventory uced or Imported in China)	bstances)
Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European I lational regulations Ethylene glycol (107-21-1) Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New C Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chem Listed on Taiwan National Chemical Inventory Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chem Listed on KECI (Korean Existing Chemicals Inven Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemicals	hemical Substanc ical Substances) nicals) ntory) Substances Prod	ces) inventory uced or Imported in China)	bstances)

California Proposition 65 - This product contains, or may contain, trace quantities of a substance(s) known to the state of California to cause cancer, developmental and/or reproductive harm

#### Ethylene glycol (107-21-1) No significant risk level (NSRL) U.S. - California -U.S. - California -U.S. - California -U.S. - California -Proposition 65 -Proposition 65 -Proposition 65 -Proposition 65 -Carcinogens List Developmental Toxicity Reproductive Toxicity -Reproductive Toxicity -Female Male No Yes No No

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# Ethylene glycol (107-21-1)

- U.S. Delaware Pollutant Discharge Requirements Reportable Quantities
- U.S. Idaho Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants Acceptable Ambient Concentrations
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. New York Reporting of Releases Part 597 List of Hazardous Substances
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

# **Disclaimer:**

Although reasonable care has been taken in the preparation of this document, we extend no warranties and make no representations as to the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein, and assume no responsibility regarding the suitability of this information for the user's intended purposes or for the consequences of its use. Each individual should make a determination as to the suitability of the information for their particular purpose(s).

End-use applications NOT supported by KOST® USA, Inc. for monoethylene glycol, diethylene glycol and triethylene glycol. These limitations include products restricted by law, applications in which may raise unacceptable risks, and other applications which KOST® USA, Inc. has decided not to, including minimizing unnecessary risk and liabilities to the company. KOST® USA, Inc. does not knowingly market these products into these nonsupported applications. This list is not all-inclusive, and KOST® USA, Inc. reserves the right to modify the same at any time.

- The use of production of tobacco and in the manufacture of tobacco products (including but not limited to additives, humectants, filters, inks, and paper)
- The use for the generation of artificial smoke / theatrical fogs / mist. This includes applications such as artificial / e-cigarettes.
- The use as ingredient in fuel for warming foods (Sterno<sup>TM</sup>-like application) or in fuel for heating an enclosed space where human exposure is possible.
- The use in fire extinguishing sprinkler systems.
- The use in the manufacture of munitions.
- The use in the production of de-icers for use on roadways, sidewalks and in aircraft lavatories.
- The use as a component of heat transfer fluids in systems where the heat transfer fluids could infiltrate (i.e., via an exchanger leak, backflow prevention failure, or other means) a potable water.
- The use as a non-reacted component in a formulation for direct internal or external human / animal contact, including, but not limited to ingestion, inhalation, and skin contact and in medical / veterinary devices and medial / veterinary. Examples of some such applications are uses as a direct component in foods, beverages, pharmaceuticals, cosmetics, personal care products or children's products.
- The use for consumer or hospital usage for deodorizing or air "purifying" purposes by spraying as an aerosol.
- The use as a non-reacted component in adhesives, plasticizers, and softening agents for packaging having direct contact with food or beverage.
- The use as a non-reacted component in the formulation of glues, pastes, ice / heat packs or other items where the potential for significant human contact and/or ingestion exists (including but not limited to children's school glue/paste or arts/craft glue/paste, toys, children products).
- The use as a fluid for pressure testing piping.

For more information contact your KOST® USA, Inc. representative.

Revision date	: 05/15/2017
Data sources	: ACGIH 2000.
	European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) Registered Substances list. Accessed at http://echa.europa.eu/.
	Krister Forsberg and S.Z. Mansdorf, "Quick Selection Guide to Chemical Protective Clothing", Fifth Edition.
	National Fire Protection Association; Fire Protection Guide to Hazardous Materials; 10th edition.
	OSHA 29CFR 1910.1200 Hazard Communication Standard.
	TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory. Accessed at http://www.epa.gov/oppt/existingchemicals/pubs/tscainventory/howto.html.
Other information	: None.

### Full text of H-statements

I UII LOA		
	H302	Harmful if swallowed
	H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child
	H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Abbreviations and acronyms:

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CGIH (American Conference of Government Industrial Hygienists)         E: Acute Toxicity Estimate         E: Acute Toxicity Estimate         S: (Chemical Abstracts Service) number         P: Classification, Labelling, Packaging.         50: Environmental Concentration associated with a response by 50% of the test population.         IS: Globally Harmonized System (of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals).         50: Lethal Dose for 50% of the test population         SHA: Occupational Safety & Health Administration
E: Acute Toxicity Estimate S (Chemical Abstracts Service) number P: Classification, Labelling, Packaging. 50: Environmental Concentration associated with a response by 50% of the test population. IS: Globally Harmonized System (of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals). 50: Lethal Dose for 50% of the test population SHA: Occupational Safety & Health Administration
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IS: Globally Harmonized System (of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals). 50: Lethal Dose for 50% of the test population SHA: Occupational Safety & Health Administration
50: Lethal Dose for 50% of the test population SHA: Occupational Safety & Health Administration
HA: Occupational Safety & Health Administration
CA: Toxic Substances Control Act
EL: Short Term Exposure Limits
/A: Time Weighted Average
Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause nporary incapacitation or residual injury.
Materials that must be preheated before ignition can cur.
Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, d not reactive with water.

Indication of changes: General information.

SDS prepared by: The Redstone Group, LLC.

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