



STP® Heavy Duty Conventional Pre-Charge Antifreeze/Coolant Ready-To-Use

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations
Date of issue: 01/27/2016 Version: 1.0

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Mixture
Product name : STP® Heavy Duty Conventional Pre-Charge Antifreeze/Coolant Ready-To-Use

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : Antifreeze.
Coolant.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

KOST® USA, Inc. Manufactured for: STP®
1000 Tennessee Ave.
Cincinnati, 45229 - USA
T 1-800-661-9391 - F 1-513-492-5555
sales@kostusa.com - www.kostusa.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : 1-800-424-9300
CHEMTREC (24 HOURS)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS-US classification

Acute Tox. 4 (Oral) H302
Repr. 1B H360
STOT RE 2 H373

Full text of H-statements: see section 16

2.2. Label elements

GHS-US labelling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US) :



GHS07

GHS08

Signal word (GHS-US) : Danger
Hazard statements (GHS-US) : H302 - Harmful if swallowed
H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child
H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
Precautionary statements (GHS-US) : P201 - Obtain special instructions before use
P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
P260 - Do not breathe mist, spray, vapours
P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling
P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product
P280 - Wear eye protection, protective gloves
P301+P312 - If swallowed: Call a doctor if you feel unwell
P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention
P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell
P330 - Rinse mouth
P405 - Store locked up
P501 - Dispose of contents/container to an authorised waste collection point

2.3. Other hazards

No additional information available

STP® Heavy Duty Conventional Pre-Charge Antifreeze/Coolant Ready-To-Use

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

0 percent of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Oral)

0 percent of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Dermal)

0.13 percent of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Inhalation (Dust/Mist))

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substance

Not applicable

3.2. Mixture

| Name | Product identifier | % | GHS-US classification |
|---------------------------------|--------------------|------------|--|
| Ethylene glycol | (CAS No) 107-21-1 | 40 – 65 | Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 STOT RE 2, H373 |
| Diethylene glycol | (CAS No) 111-46-6 | 0 – 5 | Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 STOT RE 2, H373 |
| sodium nitrite | (CAS No) 7632-00-0 | 0.01 – 0.5 | Ox. Sol. 3, H272 Acute Tox. 3 (Oral), H301 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 |
| disodium tetraborate, anhydrous | (CAS No) 1330-43-4 | 0.01 – 0.5 | Repr. 1B, H360 |

*Chemical name, CAS number and/or exact concentration have been withheld as a trade secret

Full text of H-statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

- First-aid measures general : Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).
- First-aid measures after inhalation : If inhaled and if breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
- First-aid measures after skin contact : Wash with plenty of soap and water.
- First-aid measures after eye contact : If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
- First-aid measures after ingestion : Rinse mouth. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

- Symptoms/injuries : May damage fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- Symptoms/injuries after inhalation : Inhalation may cause: irritation, coughing, shortness of breath.
- Symptoms/injuries after eye contact : Direct contact with the eyes is likely to be irritating.
- Symptoms/injuries after ingestion : Swallowing a small quantity of this material will result in serious health hazard.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

All treatments should be based on observed signs and symptoms of distress in the patient.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media : Carbon dioxide. Dry powder. Foam. Sand. Water spray.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use a heavy water stream.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Fire hazard : No specific fire or explosion hazard.
- Explosion hazard : Product is not explosive.
- Reactivity : No dangerous reactions known.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

- Firefighting instructions : Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.
- Protection during firefighting : Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection. Wear a self contained breathing apparatus. Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- General measures : Avoid all eye and skin contact and do not breathe vapour and mist.

STP® Heavy Duty Conventional Pre-Charge Antifreeze/Coolant Ready-To-Use

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

- Protective equipment : Chemical goggles or safety glasses. Clothing impervious to chemical penetration. Wear suitable gloves resistant to chemical penetration.
- Emergency procedures : Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

- Protective equipment : Chemical goggles or safety glasses. Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves. Where excessive vapour, mist, or dust may result, use approved respiratory protection equipment.
- Emergency procedures : Ventilate area.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- For containment : Absorb and/or contain spill with inert material, then place in suitable container.
- Methods for cleaning up : Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. Take up in non-combustible absorbent material and shove into container for disposal.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Section 13: disposal information. Section 7: safe handling. Section 8: personal protective equipment.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

- Precautions for safe handling : Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Obtain special instructions before use. Avoid breathing mist/vapours/spray.
- Hygiene measures : Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- Storage conditions : Keep only in the original container in a cool well ventilated place. Keep container closed when not in use.
- Incompatible products : Strong acids. Strong oxidizers. Strong bases.
- Incompatible materials : Sources of ignition.
- Prohibitions on mixed storage : Keep away from incompatible materials.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Antifreeze. Coolant.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

| STP® Heavy Duty Conventional Pre-Charge Antifreeze/Coolant Ready-To-Use | | |
|---|---------------------|------------------|
| ACGIH | Not applicable | |
| OSHA | Not applicable | |
| Ethylene glycol (107-21-1) | | |
| ACGIH | ACGIH Ceiling (ppm) | 39.4 ppm |
| ACGIH | Remark (ACGIH) | URT & eye irr |
| OSHA | Not applicable | |
| Diethylene glycol (111-46-6) | | |
| ACGIH | Not applicable | |
| OSHA | Not applicable | |
| sodium nitrite (7632-00-0) | | |
| ACGIH | ACGIH TWA (mg/m³) | 10 mg/m³ as dust |
| OSHA | Not applicable | |
| disodium tetraborate, anhydrous (1330-43-4) | | |
| ACGIH | ACGIH TWA (mg/m³) | 2 mg/m³ |
| ACGIH | ACGIH STEL (mg/m³) | 6 mg/m³ |
| ACGIH | Remark (ACGIH) | Varies URT irr |

STP® Heavy Duty Conventional Pre-Charge Antifreeze/Coolant Ready-To-Use

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

disodium tetraborate, anhydrous (1330-43-4)

| | | |
|------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| OSHA | OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ³) | 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours |
|------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|

8.2. Exposure controls

| | |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Appropriate engineering controls | : Avoid creating mist or spray. Avoid splashing. Either local exhaust or general room ventilation is usually required. |
| Personal protective equipment | : Avoid all unnecessary exposure. |
| Hand protection | : Wear suitable gloves resistant to chemical penetration. nitrile rubber gloves. |
| Eye protection | : In case of splashing or aerosol production: protective goggles. |
| Respiratory protection | : Where exposure through inhalation may occur from use, respiratory protection equipment is recommended. Use an approved respirator equipped with oil/mist cartridges. |

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| | |
|---|---------------------|
| Physical state | : Liquid |
| Appearance | : Free & clear. |
| Colour | : Fuchsia |
| Odour | : No data available |
| Odour threshold | : No data available |
| pH | : 10.5 |
| Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) | : No data available |
| Melting point | : No data available |
| Freezing point | : -36 °C |
| Boiling point | : No data available |
| Flash point | : 108 °C |
| Auto-ignition temperature | : No data available |
| Decomposition temperature | : No data available |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | : No data available |
| Vapour pressure | : No data available |
| Relative vapour density at 20 °C | : No data available |
| Relative density | : 1.075 |
| Solubility | : No data available |
| Log Pow | : No data available |
| Log Kow | : No data available |
| Viscosity, kinematic | : No data available |
| Viscosity, dynamic | : No data available |
| Explosive properties | : No data available |
| Oxidising properties | : No data available |
| Explosive limits | : No data available |

9.2. Other information

No additional information available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No dangerous reactions known.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable at ambient temperature and under normal conditions of use.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid excessive heat or cold. Keep away from sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents. Strong bases. Strong acids.

STP® Heavy Duty Conventional Pre-Charge Antifreeze/Coolant Ready-To-Use

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon dioxide. Carbon monoxide.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Oral: Harmful if swallowed.

| STP® Heavy Duty Conventional Pre-Charge Antifreeze/Coolant Ready-To-Use | |
|---|--------------------------|
| ATE US (oral) | 751.895 mg/kg bodyweight |

| Ethylene glycol (107-21-1) | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------|
| LD50 dermal rat | > 3500 mg/kg mouse |
| LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l) | > 2.5 mg/l/4h |
| ATE US (oral) | 500.000 mg/kg bodyweight |

| Diethylene glycol (111-46-6) | |
|------------------------------|----------------------------|
| LD50 dermal rat | 13300 mg/kg |
| LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l) | > 4.6 mg/l/4h |
| ATE US (oral) | 500.000 mg/kg bodyweight |
| ATE US (dermal) | 13300.000 mg/kg bodyweight |

| sodium nitrite (7632-00-0) | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------|
| LD50 oral rat | 180 mg/kg |
| ATE US (oral) | 180.000 mg/kg bodyweight |

| disodium tetraborate, anhydrous (1330-43-4) | |
|---|-------------------------------------|
| LD50 oral rat | 3450 mg/kg male |
| LD50 dermal rabbit | > 2000 mg/kg no deaths occurred |
| LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l) | > 2.03 mg/l 5h - no deaths occurred |
| ATE US (oral) | 3450.000 mg/kg bodyweight |

Skin corrosion/irritation : Not classified
Serious eye damage/irritation : Not classified
Respiratory or skin sensitisation : Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified
Carcinogenicity : Not classified

| Ethylene glycol (107-21-1) | |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| IARC group | Not listed in carcinogenicity class |

Reproductive toxicity : May damage fertility or the unborn child.
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) : Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

| Ethylene glycol (107-21-1) | |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------|
| LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) | 1000 mg/kg bodyweight/day |
| NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) | 150 mg/kg bodyweight/day kidney |

| disodium tetraborate, anhydrous (1330-43-4) | |
|---|---------------------------|
| LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) | 58.5 mg/kg bodyweight/day |
| NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) | 17.5 mg/kg bodyweight/day |

Aspiration hazard : Not classified
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation : Inhalation may cause: irritation, coughing, shortness of breath.
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact : Direct contact with the eyes is likely to be irritating.
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion : Swallowing a small quantity of this material will result in serious health hazard.
Likely routes of exposure : Inhalation;Skin and eye contact

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

| Ethylene glycol (107-21-1) | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| LC50 fish 1 | 72860 mg/l Pimephales promelas |
| EC50 Daphnia 1 | > 100 mg/l |
| NOEC chronic fish | 15380 mg/l Pimephales promelas |

STP® Heavy Duty Conventional Pre-Charge Antifreeze/Coolant Ready-To-Use

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

| Ethylene glycol (107-21-1) | |
|---|-----------------------------|
| NOEC chronic crustacea | 8590 mg/l Ceriodaphnia sp. |
| Diethylene glycol (111-46-6) | |
| LC50 fish 1 | 75200 mg/l |
| EC50 Daphnia 1 | > 10000 mg/l |
| sodium nitrite (7632-00-0) | |
| LC50 fish 1 | 0.11 mg/l |
| disodium tetraborate, anhydrous (1330-43-4) | |
| LC50 fish 1 | 74 mg/l 96h Limanda limanda |

12.2. Persistence and degradability

| Ethylene glycol (107-21-1) | |
|-------------------------------|------------------------|
| Persistence and degradability | Readily biodegradable. |
| Diethylene glycol (111-46-6) | |
| Persistence and degradability | Readily biodegradable. |

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

| Ethylene glycol (107-21-1) | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Log Pow | - 1.36 |
| Bioaccumulative potential | Not expected to bioaccumulate. |
| Diethylene glycol (111-46-6) | |
| Bioconcentration factor (BCF REACH) | 100 |
| Log Pow | -1.98 |
| Bioaccumulative potential | Not expected to bioaccumulate. |

12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

12.5. Other adverse effects

No additional information available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

| | |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Sewage disposal recommendations | : Do not dispose of waste into sewer. |
| Waste disposal recommendations | : Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. |

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with DOT

Non-bulk:

Not a dangerous good

Bulk:

40/60 RQ >= 11,814 lbs

50/50 RQ >= 9,805 lbs

60/40 RQ >= 8,033 lbs

| | |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Transport document description | : RQ, UN3082 Environmentally hazardous substances, liquid, n.o.s. (Ethylene Glycol), 9, III |
| UN-No.(DOT) | : UN3082 |
| Proper Shipping Name (DOT) | : Environmentally hazardous substances, liquid, n.o.s. (Ethylene Glycol) |
| Transport hazard class(es) (DOT) | : 9 - Class 9 - Miscellaneous hazardous material 49 CFR 173.140 |
| Hazard labels (DOT) | : 9 - Class 9 (Miscellaneous dangerous materials) |



| | |
|---------------------|---|
| DOT Symbols | : G - Identifies PSN requiring a technical name |
| Packing group (DOT) | : III - Minor Danger |

STP® Heavy Duty Conventional Pre-Charge Antifreeze/Coolant Ready-To-Use

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Additional information

Other information : No supplementary information available.

ADR

No additional information available

Transport by sea

No additional information available

Air transport

No additional information available

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

| Ethylene glycol (107-21-1) | |
|---|--|
| Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory | |
| EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag | T - T - indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 4 test rule under TSCA. |
| RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists) | 5000 lb |
| SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting | >95% |
| Diethylene glycol (111-46-6) | |
| Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory | |
| sodium nitrite (7632-00-0) | |
| Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory | |
| Disodium tetraborate, anhydrous (1330-43-4) | |
| Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory | |

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

| Ethylene glycol (107-21-1) | |
|--|--|
| Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) inventory. | |
| Diethylene glycol (111-46-6) | |
| Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) inventory. | |
| sodium nitrite (7632-00-0) | |
| Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) inventory. | |
| Disodium tetraborate, anhydrous (1330-43-4) | |
| Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) inventory. | |

EU-Regulations

| Ethylene glycol (107-21-1) | |
|--|--|
| Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances) | |
| Diethylene glycol (111-46-6) | |
| Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances) | |
| sodium nitrite (7632-00-0) | |
| Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances) | |
| Disodium tetraborate, anhydrous (1330-43-4) | |
| Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances) | |

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Acute Tox. 4 (Oral) H302

STOT RE 2 H373

Full text of classification categories and H statements : see section 16

STP® Heavy Duty Conventional Pre-Charge Antifreeze/Coolant Ready-To-Use

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

15.2.2. National regulations

Ethylene glycol (107-21-1)

Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory
Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)
Listed on Taiwan National Chemical Inventory
Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)
Listed on KECI (Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory)
Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)
Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)

Diethylene glycol (111-46-6)

Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory
Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)
Listed on Taiwan National Chemical Inventory
Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)
Listed on KECI (Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory)
Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)
Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)

sodium nitrite (7632-00-0)

Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)
Listed on Taiwan National Chemical Inventory
Listed on KECI (Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory)
Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory
Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)
Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)
Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)
Listed on the Chinese Catalog of Hazardous Chemicals.

Disodium tetraborate, anhydrous (1330-43-4)

Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)
Listed on Taiwan National Chemical Inventory
Listed on KECI (Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory)
Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory
Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)
Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)
Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

15.3. US State regulations

Ethylene glycol (107-21-1)

U.S. - Minnesota - Hazardous Substance List
U.S. - Pennsylvania - List of Hazardous Substances
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

sodium nitrite (7632-00-0)

U.S. - Pennsylvania - List of Hazardous Substances
U.S. - New York - Right to Know List of Hazardous Chemicals
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List

SECTION 16: Other information

Disclaimer:

Although reasonable care has been taken in the preparation of this document, we extend no warranties and make no representations as to the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein, and assume no responsibility regarding the suitability of this information for the user's intended purposes or for the consequences of its use. Each individual should make a determination as to the suitability of the information for their particular purpose(s).

End-use applications **NOT** supported by KOST® USA, Inc. for monoethylene glycol, diethylene glycol and triethylene glycol. These limitations include products restricted by law, applications in which may raise unacceptable risks, and other applications which KOST® USA, Inc. has decided not to, including minimizing unnecessary risk and liabilities to the company. KOST® USA, Inc. does not knowingly market these products into these non-supported applications. This list is not all-inclusive, and KOST® USA, Inc. reserves the right to modify the same at any time.

- The use of production of tobacco and in the manufacture of tobacco products (including but not limited to additives, humectants, filters, inks, and paper)
- The use for the generation of artificial smoke / theatrical fogs / mist. This includes applications such as artificial / e-cigarettes.
- The use as ingredient in fuel for warming foods (Sterno™-like application) or in fuel for heating an enclosed space where human exposure is possible.
- The use in fire extinguishing sprinkler systems.

STP® Heavy Duty Conventional Pre-Charge Antifreeze/Coolant Ready-To-Use

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

- The use in the manufacture of munitions.
- The use in the production of de-icers for use on roadways, sidewalks and in aircraft lavatories.
- The use as a component of heat transfer fluids in systems where the heat transfer fluids could infiltrate (i.e., via an exchanger leak, backflow prevention failure, or other means) a potable water.
- The use as a non-reacted component in a formulation for direct internal or external human / animal contact, including, but not limited to ingestion, inhalation, and skin contact and in medical / veterinary devices and medical / veterinary. Examples of some such applications are uses as a direct component in foods, beverages, pharmaceuticals, cosmetics, personal care products or children's products.
- The use for consumer or hospital usage for deodorizing or air "purifying" purposes by spraying as an aerosol.
- The use as a non-reacted component in adhesives, plasticizers, and softening agents for packaging having direct contact with food or beverage.
- The use as a non-reacted component in the formulation of glues, pastes, ice / heat packs or other items where the potential for significant human contact and/or ingestion exists (including but not limited to children's school glue/paste or arts/craft glue/paste, toys, children products).
- The use as a fluid for pressure testing piping.

For more information contact your KOST® USA, Inc. representative.

Data sources

: ESIS (European chemical Substances Information System; accessed at: <http://esis.jrc.ec.europa.eu/index.php?PGM=cla>. ACGIH 2000.
European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) Registered Substances list. Accessed at <http://echa.europa.eu/>.
Kristen Forsberg and S.Z. Mansdorf, "Quick Selection Guide to Chemical Protective Clothing", Fifth Edition.
National Fire Protection Association. Fire Protection Guide to Hazardous Materials; 10th edition.
OSHA 29CFR 1910.1200 Hazard Communication Standard.
TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory. Accessed at <http://www.epa.gov/oppt/existingchemicals/pubs/tscainventory/howto.html>.
United Nations Economic Commission for Europe: About the GHS. Accessed at http://www.unece.org/trans/danger/publi/ghs/ghs_welcome_e.html.

Abbreviations and acronyms

: ACGIH (American Conference of Government Industrial Hygienists).
ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate.
CAS (Chemical Abstracts Service) number.
CLP: Classification, Labelling, Packaging.
LD50: Lethal Dose for 50% of the test population.
EC50: Environmental Concentration associated with a response by 50% of the test population.
GHS: Globally Harmonized System (of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals).
OSHA: Occupational Safety & Health Administration.
TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act.
STEL: Short Term Exposure Limits.
TWA: Time Weight Average.

Other information

: None.

Full text of H-statements:

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Acute Tox. 3 (Oral) | Acute toxicity (oral), Category 3 |
| Acute Tox. 4 (Oral) | Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4 |
| Aquatic Acute 1 | Hazardous to the aquatic environment — Acute Hazard, Category 1 |
| Ox. Sol. 3 | Oxidising Solids, Category 3 |
| Repr. 1B | Reproductive toxicity, Category 1B |
| STOT RE 2 | Specific target organ toxicity — Repeated exposure, Category 2 |
| H272 | May intensify fire; oxidiser |
| H301 | Toxic if swallowed |
| H302 | Harmful if swallowed |
| H360 | May damage fertility or the unborn child |
| H373 | May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure |
| H400 | Very toxic to aquatic life |

STP® Heavy Duty Conventional Pre-Charge Antifreeze/Coolant Ready-To-Use

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

NFPA health hazard

: 1 - Exposure could cause irritation but only minor residual injury even if no treatment is given.

NFPA fire hazard

: 1 - Must be preheated before ignition can occur.

NFPA reactivity

: 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and not reactive with water.

